

First Exam

Write all answers in your blue book and show all work there. Return your exam in your blue book.

23 pts.

- 1) a) Draw a reasonable diagram showing demand, MR and MC and use it to explain why it is unprofitable to charge a price that leaves $MR > MC$.
- b) Use your diagram to show the excess of MR over MC (TR- VC) at your quantity.
- c) Use your diagram to show the profit maximizing Q when the firm can price discriminate perfectly (first degree). Show the excess of MR over MC in this case. Is it bigger than in part b?

18 pts.

- 2) Suppose that $Q_D = 1000 - 3P$ and $TC = 100 + 2Q + Q^2/10$
- a) Find the profit maximizing P and Q.
- b) If the firm can price in two parts, how will work if it is able to capture every possible dollar of profit? Just draw a diagram to show what the values are.

23 pts.

- 3) Spreadsheet problem: Create a well-labeled spreadsheet that demonstrates parts a and b. Suppose that a firm can segment its market so that $Q_A = 100 - 4P$ and $Q_B = 500 - 50P$.
- a) If $TC = 10 + 2Q$, find P_A , P_B and profit.
- b) If $TC = 10 + 2Q$ and Q can't exceed 100, find P_A , P_B and profit.
- c) If $TC = 10 + Q + .1Q^2$, find P_A , P_B and profit and draw a 3 frame diagram of the solution. (Show MC, MR, P and Q.)
- d) What could you change to make market B unserved. Make explicit reference to the equations.

18 pts

- 4) If $\ln Q = a + b \ln P$
- a) What does the elasticity equal.
- b) Use calculus to show this.
- c) If $Q = AP^b$, what does the elasticity equal?

18 pts.

- 5) a) If $(P-MC)/P = .2$ and elasticity is 2, is profit maximized? Explain.
- b) If $Q = a + bP$, draw a well-labeled diagram that depicts the situation in part a.
- c) Given parts a and b, what can you say about the profit maximizing price?

I have neither given nor received unfair aid on this test nor am I aware of anyone else who has.
